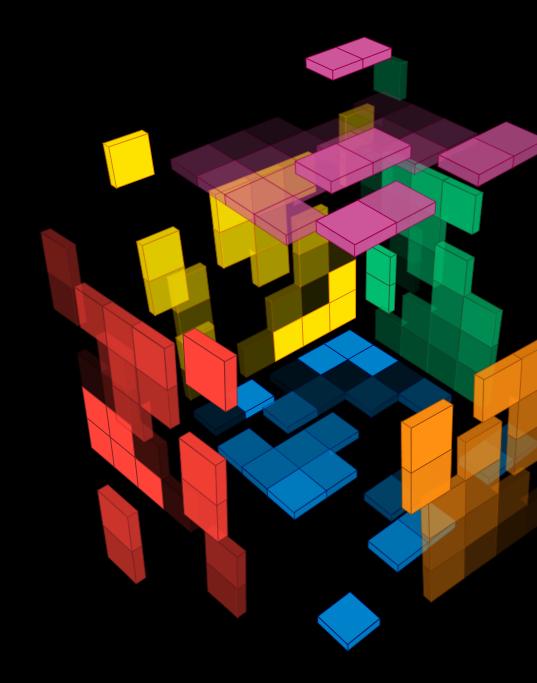
# Building Efficiently & Sustainably In The Cloud

Your path to de-carbonise your cloud environment



**Shane Baldacchino** 

# Why Go Green?





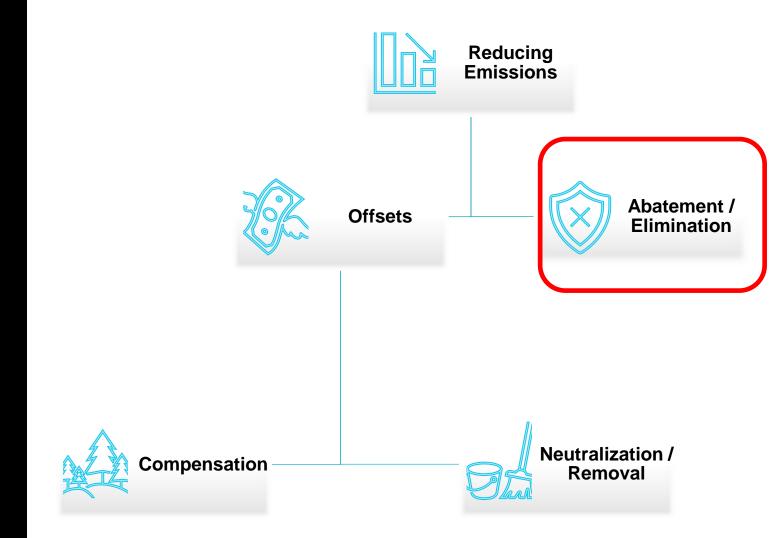




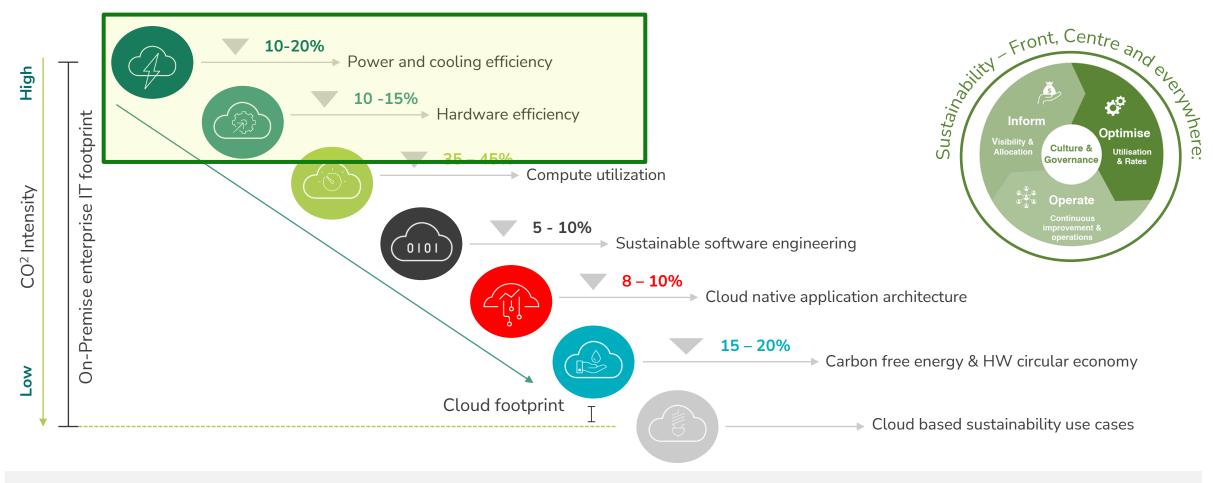
# **Green Software Principles**

# Carbon Reduction

How is the world tackling this problem today?



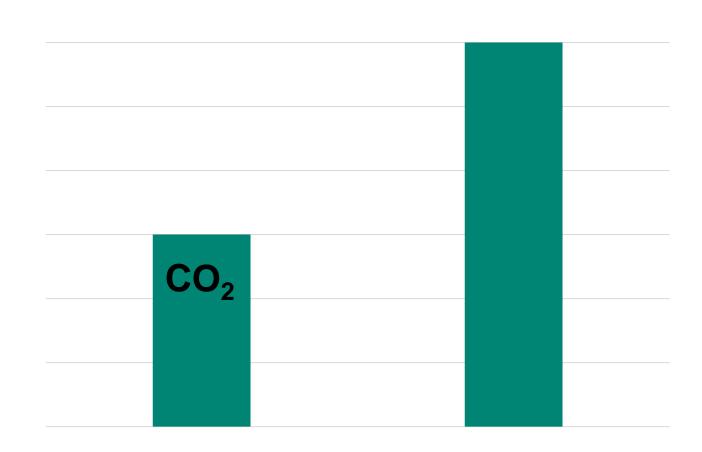
## Reductions can be higher



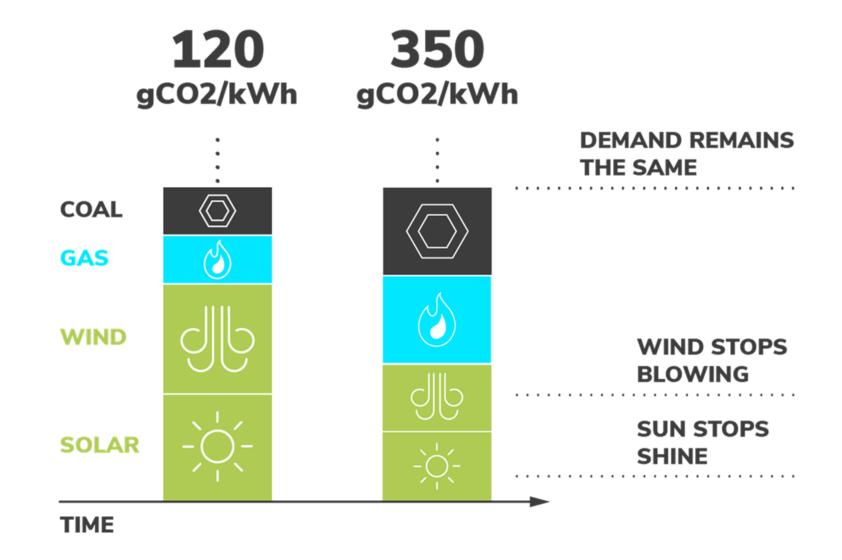
IAAS migrations can reduce carbon emissions by more than 84% compared with conventional infrastructure. Reductions can be pushed even higher – By up to an amazing 98% - by designing applications specifically for the cloud.

# Carbon Awareness

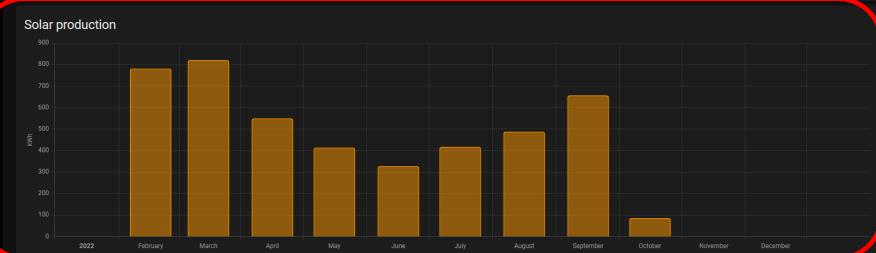
Do more when electricity is clean and less when its dirty



## Varies by time









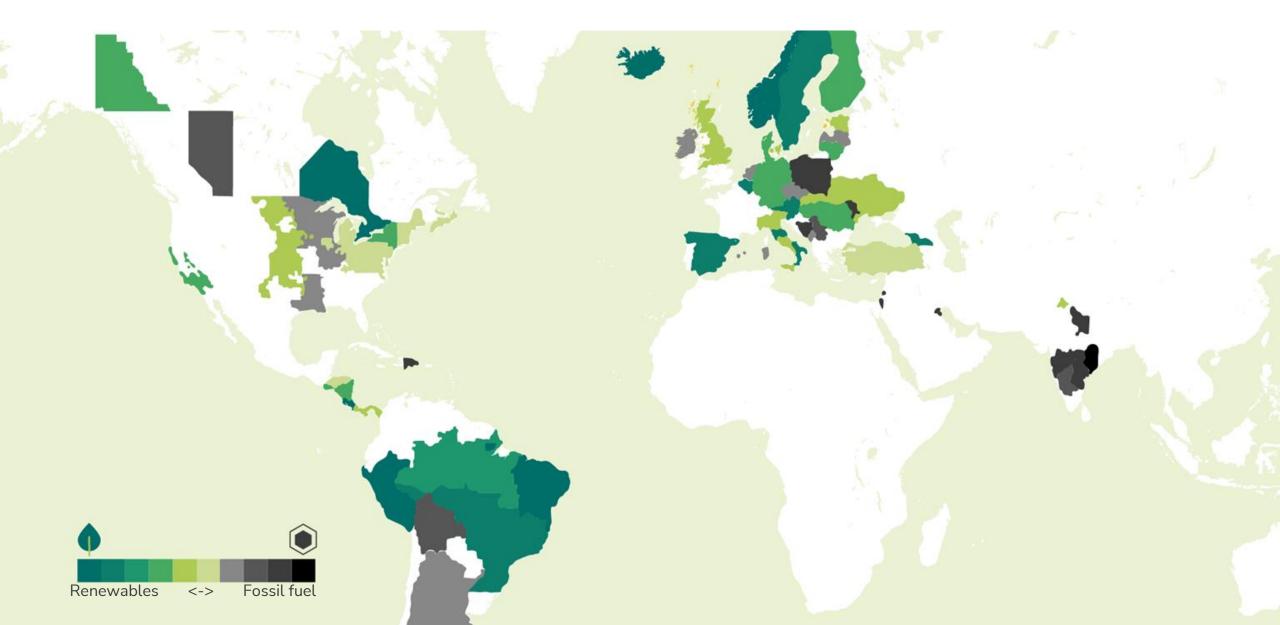
#### Energy distribution



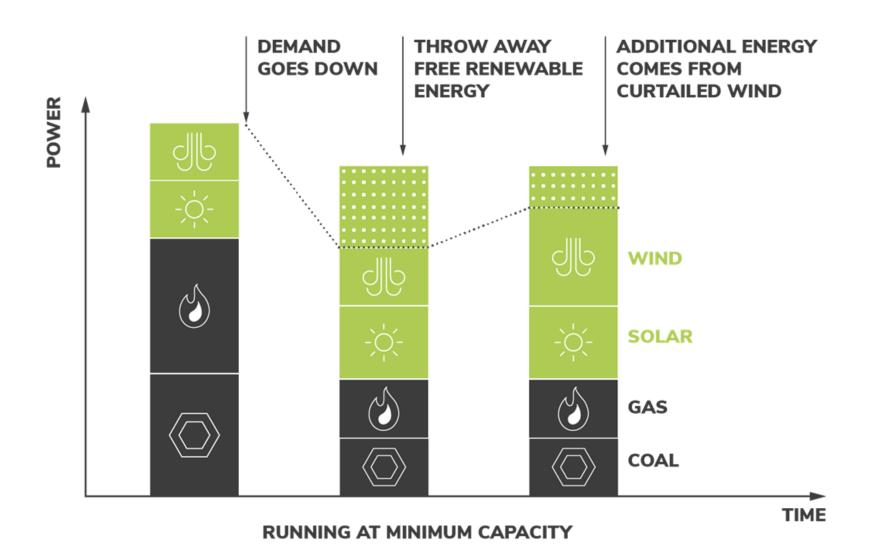


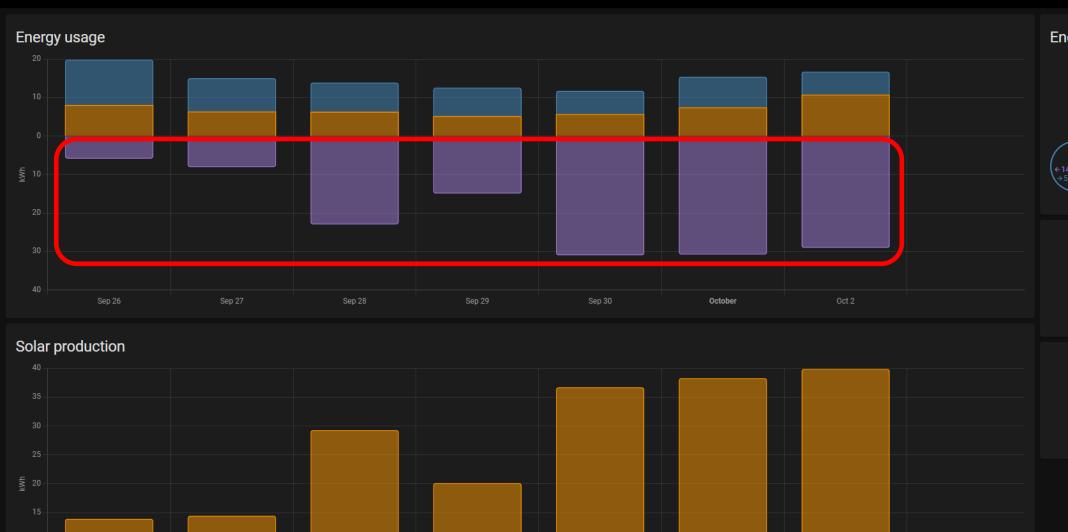


## **But also location**

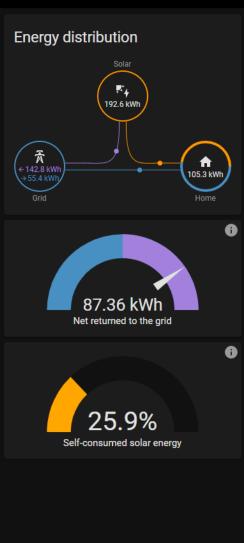


## Sometimes we throw clean energy away





October



# Calculating Carbon In Your Cloud Tech Stack

### What is the SCI?

The SCI is a rate of carbon emissions, not a total and is bias towards actions that eliminates carbon emissions. The equation is a simple and elegant solution to the extremely complex problem behind it:

Energy consumed by a tech stack in kWh

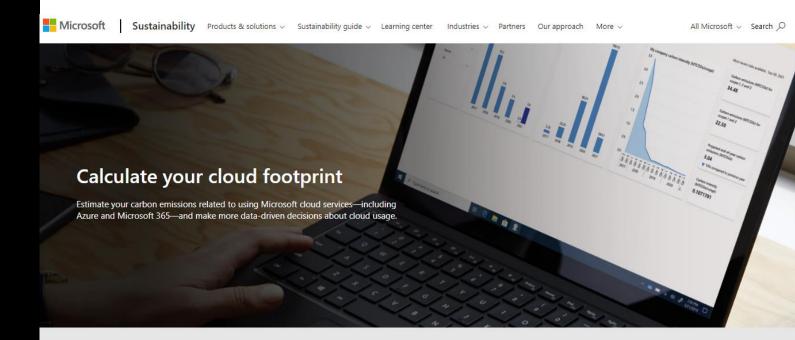
Functional unit; this is how software scales, for example by user, device or API request

$$SCI = ((E * I) + M) per R$$

Carbon emitted per kWh of energy, in gCO2 / kWh

Embodied carbon emissions from the creation (and destruction) of hardware that the software is running on.





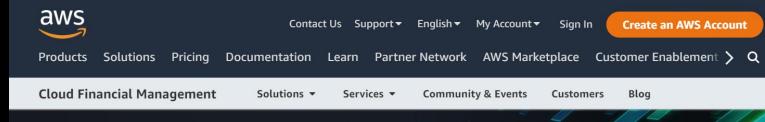
#### Cloud carbon tracking for your path to net zero

Using Power BI template apps and consistent, third party-validated carbon accounting, the Emissions Impact Dashboard for Azure and the Emissions Impact Dashboard for Microsoft 365 (now in preview) help you measure your Microsoft Cloud-based emissions and carbon savings potential.

App for Azure >

App for Microsoft 365 >





### **Customer Carbon Footprint Tool**

Track, measure, review, and forecast the carbon emissions generated from your AWS usage

Get Started for free

Learn more

Measure the estimated carbon emissions from your use of AWS services.

Advance your understanding of your carbon footprint drivers, from services to geographies.

Develop your sustainability journey by forecasting emissions against your metrics and goals.





Join us at the first-ever Google Cloud Sustainability Summit on June 28.

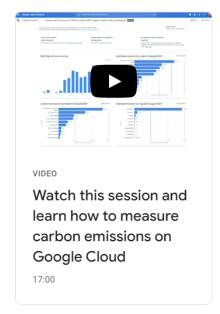


#### Carbon Footprint PREVIEW

Measure, report, and reduce your cloud carbon emissions.

Go to console

- ✓ Include gross carbon emissions data in reports and disclosures
- ✓ Visualize carbon insights via dashboards and charts
- ✓ Reduce the gross emissions of cloud applications and infrastructure



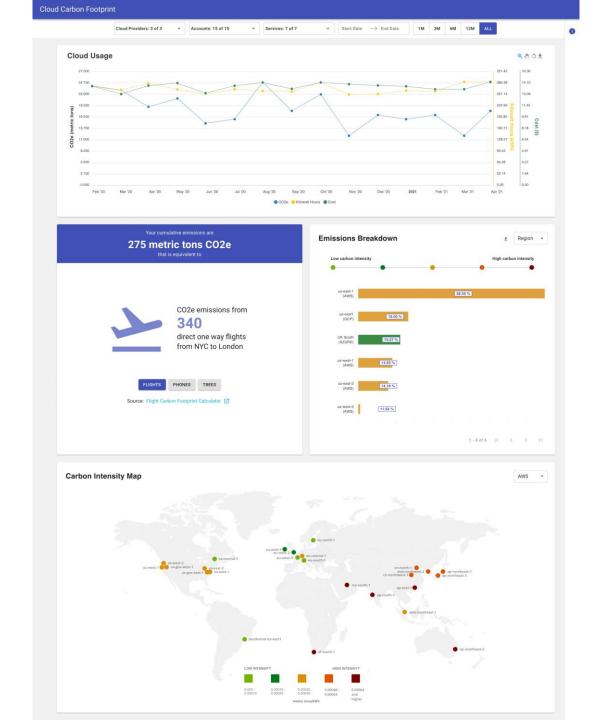


cloudcarbonfootprint.org





cloudcarbonfootprint.org





#### **Carbon Aware SDK**

#### Integrated

An SDK to enable the creation of carbon aware applications, applications that do more when the electricity is clean and do less when the electricity is dirty.

For developers to build carbon aware software, there is a need for a unified baseline to be implemented.

The Carbon Aware Core API will look to standardize and simplify carbon awareness for developers through a unified API, **command line interface**, and modular carbon-aware-logic plugin architecture.

#### CLI

∂ Example 1 - Get the current emissions data for a specified location

```
$ ./CarbonAwareCLI -1 westus -d "azure-emissions-data.json"
```

#### 

```
[
    "Location": "westus",
    "Time": "2021-11-17T04:45:11.5104572+00:00",
    "Rating": 31.0
}
```

#### API

```
<The request type>

GET | POST | DELETE | PUT
```

<What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is useful when people need to to know what their callbacks should expect!>

• Code: 200 Content: { id : 12 }

#### Carbon Aware CLI Reference

The following is the documentation for the Carbon Aware CLI

#### Format

\$ CarbonAwareCLI -t <time> -l <location 1> <location 2> -d <path to data file>

#### **Parameters**

Short	Long	Required / Optional	Description
-1	location	Required	The location is a comma seperated list of named locations or regions specific to the emissions data provided.
-d	data-file	Required	Path to the emissions source data file
-t	 fromTime	Optional	The desired date and time to retrieve the emissions for. Defaults to 'now'.
	output	Optional	Output format. Options: console, json. Default is json
-v	verbose	Optional	Verbose output
	lowest	Optional	Only return the results with the lowest emissions.

#### Examples

#### Example 1 - Get the current emissions data for a specified location

\$ ./CarbonAwareCLI -l westus -d "azure-emissions-data.json"

#### Response

```
[
{
    "Location": "westus",
    "Time": "2021-11-17T04:45:11.5104572+00:00",
    "Rating": 31.0
}
]
```

#### Example 2 - Get the current emissions for multiple locations

\$ ./CarbonAwareCLI -l westus eastus -d "azure-emissions-data.json"

#### Response

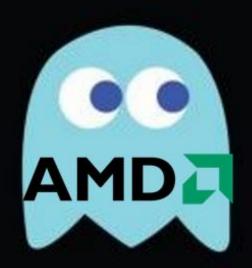
```
- C û
① 36 lines (26 sloc) | 1.28 KB
      # Set the base image as the .NET 6.0 SDK (this includes the runtime)
      FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/sdk:6.0 as build-env
      # Copy everything and publish the release (publish implicitly restores and builds)
      COPY ./src/ ./
      COPY ./entrypoint.sh ./
      #WORKDIR /src/
      RUN dotnet publish ./CarbonAware.CLI/CarbonAware.CLI.csproj -c Release -o out --no-self-contained
       RUN cp ./CarbonAware.CLI/carbon-aware.json out
      RUN cp -r ./data/data-files/ out
      RUN cp ./entrypoint.sh out
      # Label the container
      #LABEL maintainer="Green-Software-Foundation"
      LABEL repository="https://github.com/Green-Software-Foundation/carbon-aware-sdk"
      LABEL homepage="https://github.com/Green-Software-Foundation/carbon-aware-sdk"
      # Label as GitHub action
      LABEL com.github.actions.name="CarbonAware"
      LABEL com.github.actions.description="A Github Action to enable the creation of carbon aware applications, applications that do more when the electricity is clean and do less
      LABEL com.github.actions.icon="sliders"
      LABEL com.github.actions.color="purple"
      # Relayer the .NET SDK, anew with the build output
      FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/runtime:6.0
      COPY --from=build-env /out .
      RUN apt-get update && apt-get install jq -y
      RUN chmod +x entrypoint.sh
      #ENTRYPOINT ["/CarbonAwareCLI"]
     ENTRYPOINT ["/entrypoint.sh"]
```

# Energy Efficiency

Consume the least amount of electricity possible











Azure SKU – CPU Architecture	Cores / Threads	Clock Rate	TDP	Watts Per Core
Dpsv5 – <u>Ampere Altra Q80-30</u>	80 (80 Threads)	3.0 GHz	210 W	2.625W
Dsv5 – Intel® Xeon® Platinum 8370C (Ice Lake)	64 (128 Threads)	3.5 GHz	270 W	4.218 W
Dasv5 – <u>AMD's 3rd Generation</u> <u>EPYC<sup>TM</sup> 7763v</u>	64 (128 Threads)	3.5 GHz	280 W	4.375 W

Comparison of Azure VM SKU's – Cores / Threads vs. Frequency vs. TDP

#### **SysBench CPU Prime Number Generation** 468.07 [1 Threads] - AMD - D4asv5 368.3 654.11 [1 Thread] - Intel - D4sv5 294.2 438.81 [1 Threads] - ARM - D4psv4 351.75 208.04 [4 Threads] - AMD - D4asv5 828.64 308.61 [4 Threads] - Intel - D4sv5 623.57 109.84 [4 Threads] - ARM - D4psv4 1405.28 200 400 600 800 1000 1200 1400 1600 ■Cost Per 1000 Events In Cents [Lower Is Better] ■Events Per Second x 1000 [Higher Is Better]

# SysBench Heavy Computational MySQL oltp\_read\_write Cost Per 100 TPS vs. Latency (Seconds) P40 Premium SSD



Average Latency per TPS - P40 Premium SSD - Seconds [Lower Is Better]

■ Cost Per 100 TPS - SysBench Heavy Computational MySQL - oltp\_read\_write [Lower Is Better]

fpu vme de pse tsc msr pae mce cx8 apic sep mtrr pge mca c mov pat pse36 clflush mmx fxsr sse sse2 ss ht syscall nx p dpe1gb rdtscp lm constant\_tsc rep\_good nop1 xtopology tsc\_ reliable nonstop\_tsc cpuid aperfmperf pni pclmulqdq vmx ss se3 fma cx16 pcid sse4\_1 sse4\_2 x2apic movbe popcnt tsc\_de adline timer aes xsave avx f16c rdrand hypervisor lahf lm abm 3dnowprefetch invpcid single tpr shadow vnmi ept vpid ept ad fsgsbase tsc adjust bmi1 hle avx2 smep bmi2 erms in vpcid rtm avx512f avx512dq rdseed adx smap avx512ifma clfl ushopt clwb avx512cd sha\_ni avx512bw avx512vl xsaveopt xsa 10 vec xgetbv1 xsaves avx512vbmi umip avx512\_vbmi2 gfni vaes 12 vpclmulqdq avx512\_vnni avx512\_bitalg avx512\_vpopcntdq la57 13 rdpid fsrm arch capabilities

fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1 sha2 crc32 atomics fphp a simdhp cpuid asimdrdm lrcpc dcpop asimddp

# Architectural Levers

Do more with less



# Azure Heat Map

Azure Updates data for last 6 months visualized. Rebuilt 51 minutes 34 seconds ago.					ALL UPDATES EQUAL LATEST MORE IN		MORE IMPORTANT	ONLY LAST 7 DAYS		ALL MENTIONS		
Al + Machine Learning	Analytics	Compute	Databases	Development	Identity + Security	loT + MR	Integration	Management + Governance	Media + Comms	Migration	Networking	g Storage
Machine Learning	Synapse Analytics	Kubernetes Service	Database for PostgreSQL	Azure Spring Cloud	Security Center	X Azure Sphere	API Management	Azure Monitor	Communication Services	Site Recovery	<b>△</b> ExpressRoute	e Azure Storage
Cognitive Services	Data Explorer	Azure Functions	Cosmos DB	Azure DevOps	Azure Key Vault	<b>(</b> IoT Central		<b>.:</b> Automation			VPN Gatewa	y Managed Disks
		Virtual Machines	Database for MySQL		Azure Sentinel	Azure Maps		<b>ૄ</b> ∷ Azure Policy	ÆAZure CDN		Application Gateway	Data Lake Storage
		App Service	SQL Database			្ត្រវិ loT Hub		Azure Backup				ि{ Data Share
	Stream Analytics	Azure VMware Solution										Azure NetApp Files
		Virtual Desktop										Avere vFXT
		VM Scale Sets										ll StorSimple
					Û							

## Reduce carbon intensity with Cloud Changes

Report current infrastructure

**Identify overhead** 

"Right-size" infrastructure

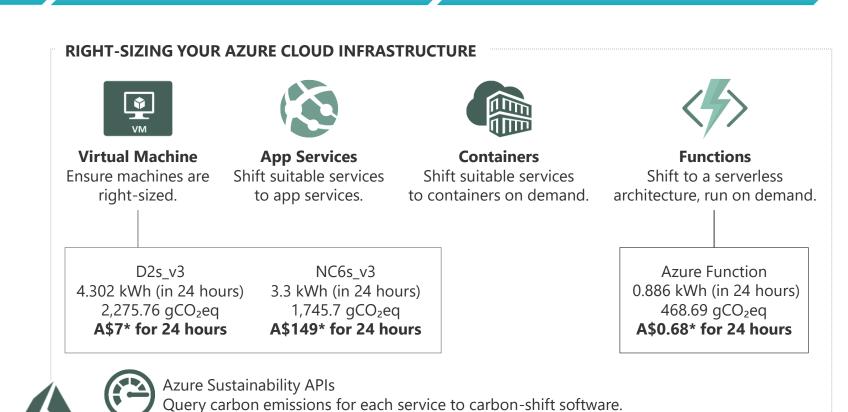


03:00 on May 19th 2022



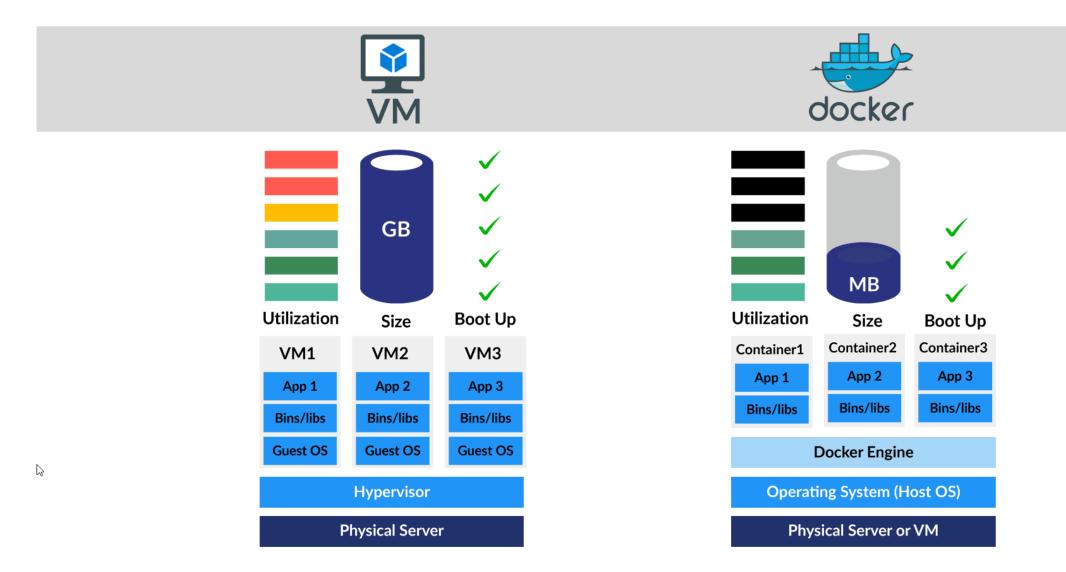
15:00 on May 19<sup>th</sup> 2022

Source of electrical data: energymap.org



Source of cost data: Azure Calculator, as at 19th May 2022, in Australia Southeast & East region. Cost indicative only

### VM's vs Containers vs Serverless – Its all tin.

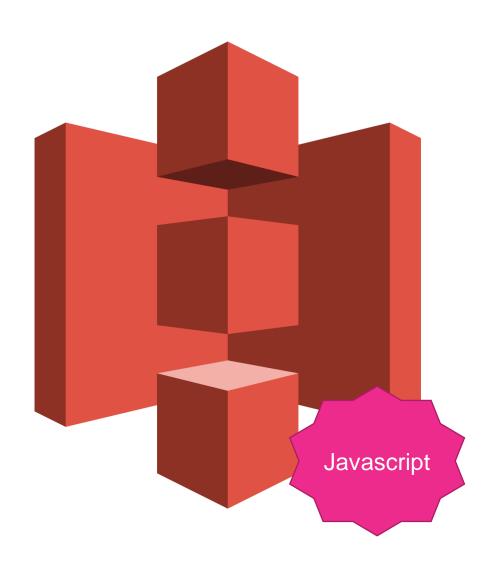


### **Eliminate Your Web Server Tier**



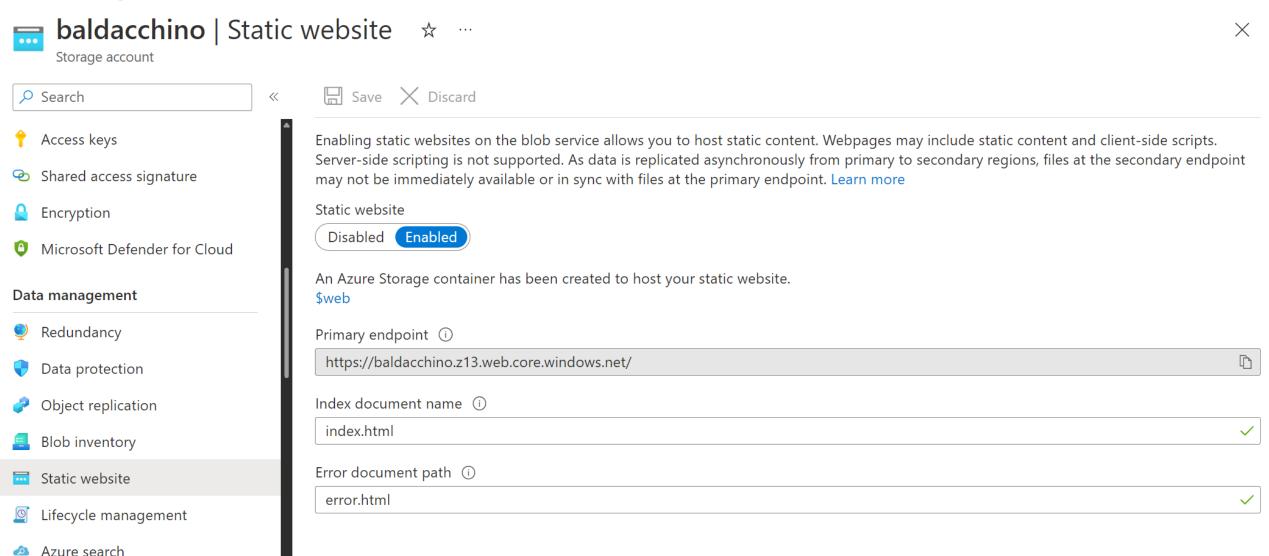
# Static Web Apps | S3 | Azure Blob Storage





## Static Web Apps | S3 | Azure Blob Storage

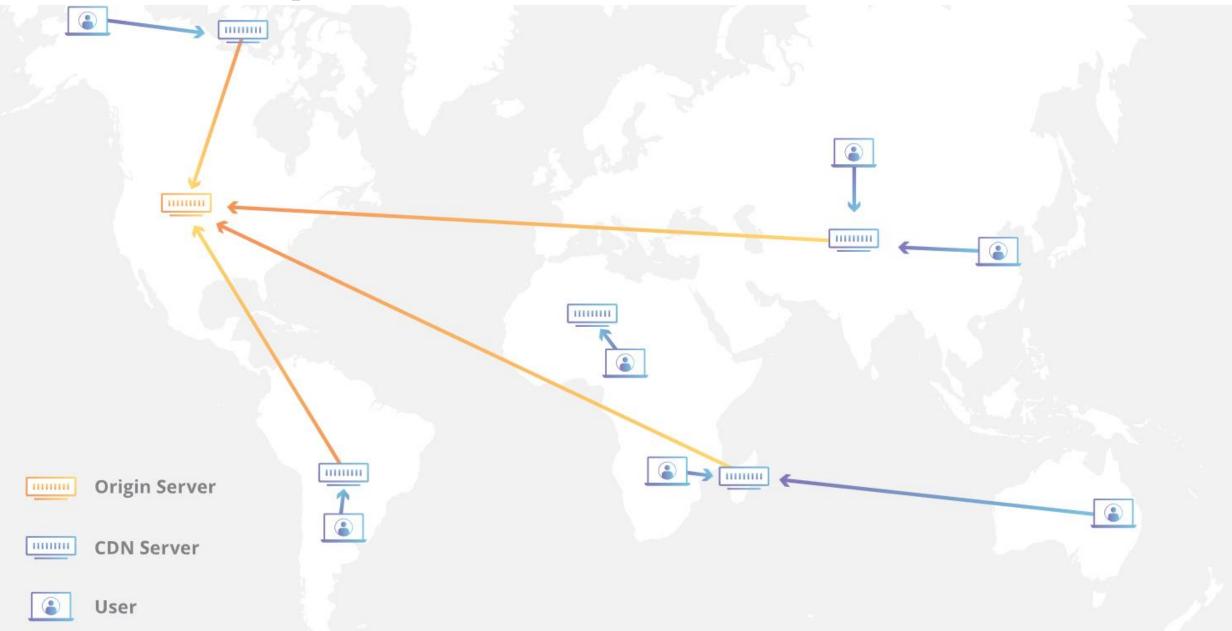
Home > Storage accounts > baldacchino



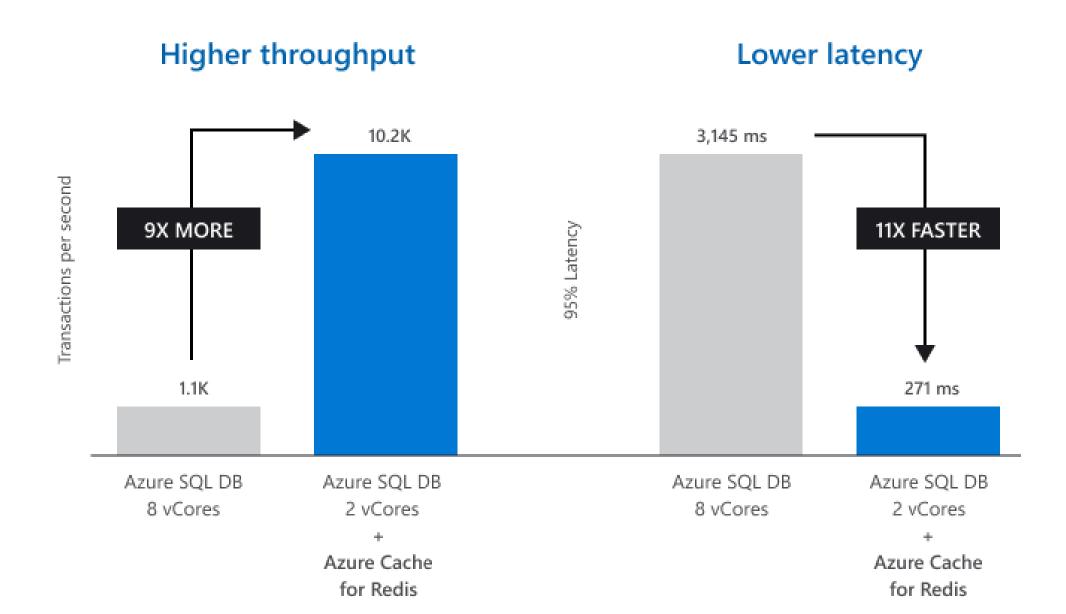
#### **Run Hotter**

```
Tasks: 44, 44 thr; 1 running
 Load average:
                                                                                            0.75 0.71
 Mem[|||||||||||||
                                                                           Uptime: 00:49:35
 Swp [
 PID USER
              PRI NI VIRT RES SHR S CPU% MEM% TIME+ Command
5732 root
              21 1 230M 2132 1520 S 98.7 0.1 6:17.50 whoami
17539 root
                     230M 2132 1520 S 55.3 0.1 0:15.50 whoami
15758 root
                     230M 2132 1520 S 43.3 0.1 3:02.33 whoami
16677 root
                  0 26284 4048 2988 R 1.3 0.2 0:02.02 htop
3100 root
              20 0 693M 5744 4920 S 0.0 0.3 0:04.56 PassengerHelperAgent
3109 root
              20 0 693M 5744 4920 S 0.0 0.3 0:04.53 PassengerHelperAgent
3893 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.26 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
              20 0 242M 6000 3944 S 0.0 0.3 0:00.11 postgres: autovacuum launcher process
2752
3581 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:03.31 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
              1 root
2747
              20 0 241M 20880 19516 S 0.0 1.0 0:00.35 /usr/lib/postgresgl/9.3/bin/postgres -D /var/lib/postgresgl/9.3/main -c config file=/etc/postgresgl/9.3/m
              20 0 31448 4400 3792 S 0.0 0.2 0:00.25 /usr/sbin/ntpd -p /var/run/ntpd.pid -g -u 103:109
4425
3861 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.30 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
3896 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.44 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
15759 root
                     230M 2132 1520 S 0.0 0.1 0:02.08 whoami
3873 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.25 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
3905 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.28 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
3867 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.25 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
3139
              20 0 40744 3792 2416 S 0.0 0.2 0:00.24 nginx: worker process
3880 root
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.28 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
              20 0 1172M 13692 5060 S 0.0 0.7 0:00.25 /usr/bin/python /usr/bin/fail2ban-server -b -s /var/run/fail2ban/fail2ban.sock -p /var/run/fail2ban/fail2
3890 root
2753
              20 0 101M 3792 2148 S 0.0 0.2 0:00.19 postgres: stats collector process
              20 0 103M 3368 2388 S 0.0 0.2 0:00.18 sshd: ffsapp@pts/0
6628
2698 root
              20 0 23660 2316 2064 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.02 cron
1422 root
              20 0 20288 2932 1892 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.13 upstart-udev-bridge --daemon
1427 root
              20 0 49284 3296 2720 S 0.0 0.2 0:00.07 /lib/systemd/systemd-udevd --daemon
1761 root
              20 0 10228 3240 944 S 0.0 0.2 0:00.00 dhclient -1 -v -pf /run/dhclient.eth0.pid -lf /var/lib/dhcp/dhclient.eth0.leases eth0
2585
              20 0 39120 2304 1952 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.01 dbus-daemon --system --fork
2648 root
              20 0 43456 3260 2936 S 0.0 0.2 0:00.00 /lib/systemd/systemd-logind
2657
              20 0 249M 2784 2364 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.00 rsyslogd
2658
                 0 249M 2784 2364 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.00 rsyslogd
2659
              20 0 249M 2784 2364 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.00 rsyslogd
2655
              20 0 249M 2784 2364 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.00 rsyslogd
2674 root
              20 0 15544 1896 1400 S 0.0 0.1 0:00.00 upstart-file-bridge --daemon
              2680 root
2697
               20 0 19144 168 0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 atd
F1Help F2Setup F3SearchF4FilterF5Tree F6SortByF7Nice -F6Nice +F9Kill F10Quit
```

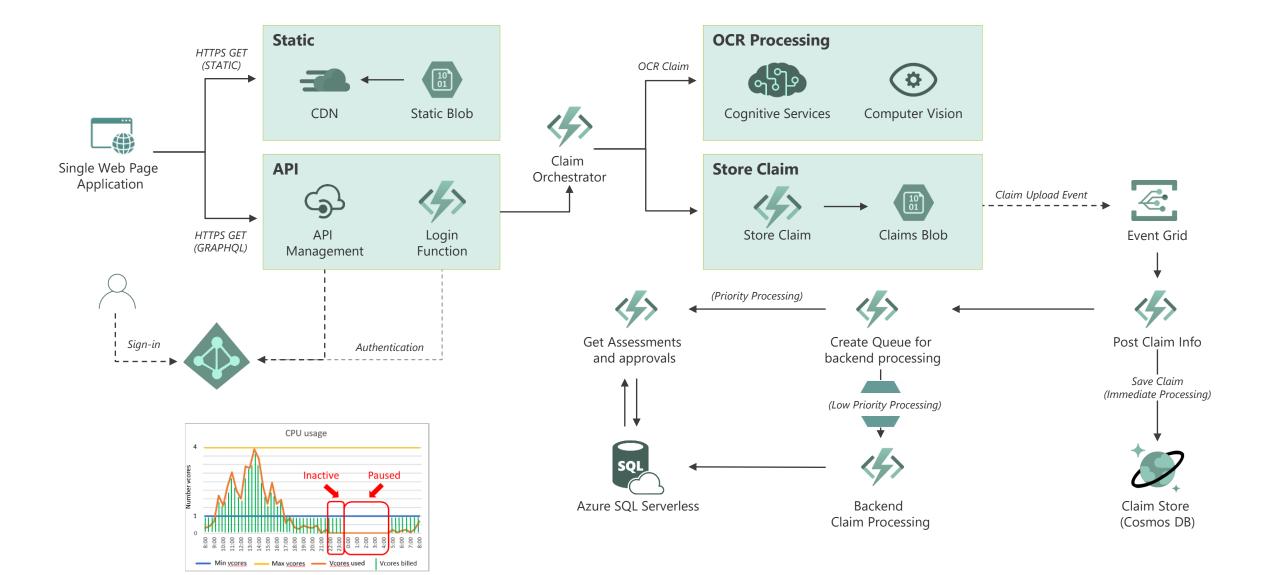
# **Cache – Everywhere - CDN**



### **Cache – Everywhere – In Memory Cache**



#### **Sustainable Architecture**



# **Your Language Matters**

	Energy
(c) C	1.00
(c) Rust	1.03
(c) C++	1.34
(c) Ada	1.70
(v) Java	1.98
(c) Pascal	2.14
(c) Chapel	2.18
(v) Lisp	2.27
(c) Ocaml	2.40
(c) Fortran	2.52
(c) Swift	2.79
(c) Haskell	3.10
(v) C#	3.14
(c) Go	3.23
(i) Dart	3.83
(v) F#	4.13
(i) JavaScript	4.45
(v) Racket	7.91
(i) TypeScript	21.50
(i) Hack	24.02
(i) PHP	29.30
(v) Erlang	42.23
(i) Lua	45.98
(i) Jruby	46.54
(i) Ruby	69.91
(i) Python	75.88
(i) Perl	79.58

	Time
(c) C	1.00
(c) Rust	1.04
(c) C++	1.56
(c) Ada	1.85
(v) Java	1.89
(c) Chapel	2.14
(c) Go	2.83
(c) Pascal	3.02
(c) Ocaml	3.09
(v) C#	3.14
(v) Lisp	3.40
(c) Haskell	3.55
(c) Swift	4.20
(c) Fortran	4.20
(v) F#	6.30
(i) JavaScript	6.52
(i) Dart	6.67
(v) Racket	11.27
(i) Hack	26.99
(i) PHP	27.64
(v) Erlang	36.71
(i) Jruby	43.44
(i) TypeScript	46.20
(i) Ruby	59.34
(i) Perl	65.79
(i) Python	71.90
(i) Lua	82.91

	Mb
(c) Pascal	1.00
(c) Go	1.05
(c) C	1.17 <sub>Y</sub>
(c) Fortran	1.24
(c) C++	1.34
(c) Ada	1.47
(c) Rust	1.54
(v) Lisp	1.92
(c) Haskell	2.45
(i) PHP	2.57
(c) Swift	2.71
(i) Python	2.80
(c) Ocaml	2.82
(v) C#	2.85
(i) Hack	3.34
(v) Racket	3.52
(i) Ruby	3.97
(c) Chapel	4.00
(v) F#	4.25
(i) JavaScript	4.59
(i) TypeScript	4.69
(v) Java	6.01
(i) Perl	6.62
(i) Lua	6.72
(v) Erlang	7.20
(i) Dart	8.64
(i) Jruby	19.84



**GET STARTED** 

<u>Version 1.64.0</u>

A language empowering everyone to build reliable and efficient software.

#### Why Rust?

#### **Performance**

Rust is blazingly fast and memoryefficient: with no runtime or garbage collector, it can power performancecritical services, run on embedded devices, and easily integrate with other languages.

#### Reliability

Rust's rich type system and ownership model guarantee memory-safety and thread-safety — enabling you to eliminate many classes of bugs at compile-time.

#### **Productivity**

Rust has great documentation, a friendly compiler with useful error messages, and top-notch tooling — an integrated package manager and build tool, smart multi-editor support with autocompletion and type inspections, an auto-formatter, and more.

# Architectures Can Evolve

**Efficiency == Sustainability** 





**Toilet Finder Service** 

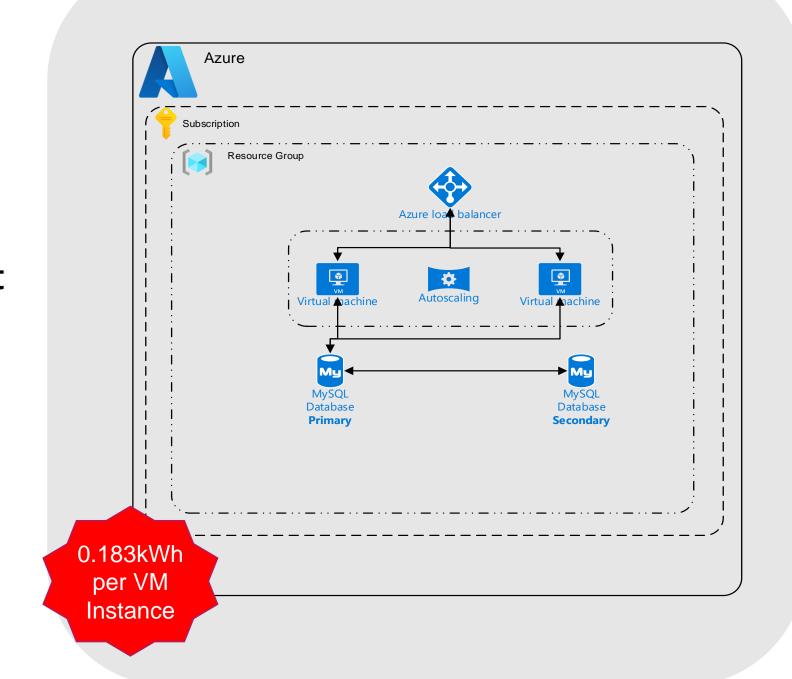
# Find me all the toilets in a particular postcode in Australia

Lookup table with 18,408 records

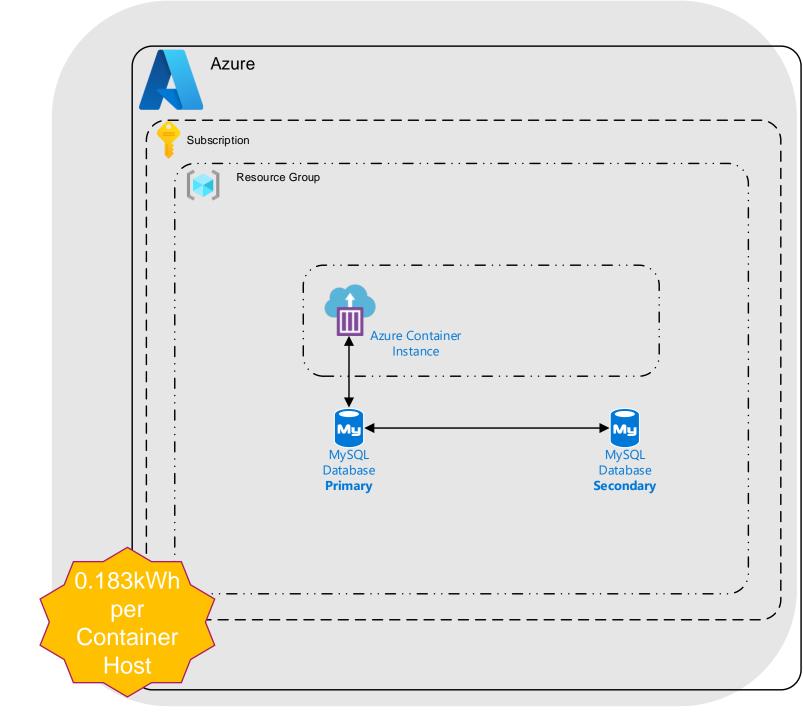
https://data.gov.au/data/dataset/national-public-toilet-map

```
import os
import mysql.connector
import json
import string
from bottle import route, run, template
@route('/')
def index():
    return 'Hello World'
@route('/postcode/<postcode>')
def postcode(postcode):
    returnData = "INVALID input"
    #Validate input - can only be 4 numerics
    if len(postcode) == 4 and postcode.isdigit():
       cnx = mysql.connector.connect(user='xxxxxx@toilet-mysql', password='xxxxxxxxx',
                              host='toilet-mysql.mysql.database.azure.com',
                              database='toiletdata')
       #Query
       cursor = cnx.cursor()
       query = ("SELECT name, address1, town FROM toilets "
         "WHERE postcode=" + postcode)
       cursor.execute(query)
       resultRow = ""
       for (name, address1, town) in cursor:
             resultRow = resultRow + json.dumps({'name' : name, 'address1': address1, 'town': town}) + ","
       #resultRow = string.rstrip(resultRow, ",")
       resultRow = resultRow.rstrip(",")
       cursor.close()
       cnx.close()
       returnData = "[" + resultRow + "]"
    return returnData
if __name__ == '__main__':
   port = int(os.environ.get('PORT', 8080))
    run(host='0.0.0.0', port=port, debug=True)
```

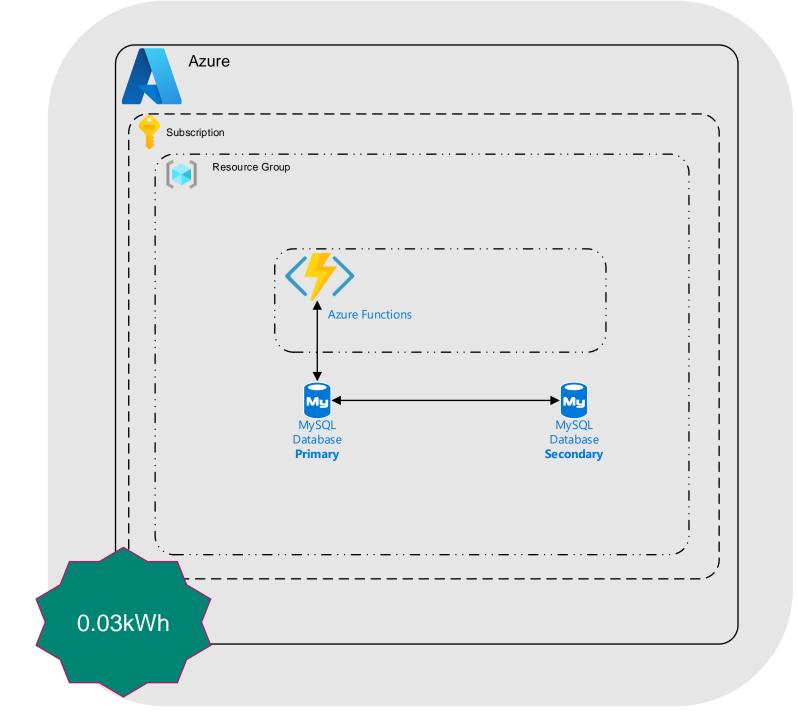
# **Typical VM Deployment**



#### Containerise



#### Serverless



Time To Show What You Are Made Of



# Let's Be Friends.....

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